











Advanced Technologies Role for Business transformation in Utilities

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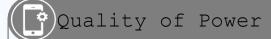


The State of Indian Power Sector



Country's Focus

Indian Government has time & again emphasized that an efficient, resilient, and financially robust power sector is most essential for growth of the Country



Almost all investment & climate surveys point to poor availability and quality of power as critical constraints to commercial and manufacturing activity and India's competitiveness





Distribution improvements have lagged, but it is now clear that they need to be a priority

🗿 Urgent Need

Revenues originate with the customer at distribution, so subpar performance there hurts the entire value chain the most.

Pain is more likely to be spilled over to lenders & affect the broader financial sector

Added Capacity

Lot of Government-initiated reform efforts have gone into generation and transmission segments, reflecting the urgent need for adding capacity and evacuating it.













Indian Discoms can be categorized broadly into 2 categories -

- Matured Utilities
- Fragile Utilities

Multiple Factors At Play

Factors	Matured	Fragile
AT&C Loss Levels	<10% AT&C Loss	>10% AT&C Loss
Power Reliability	SAIDI <60 Mins Ring + n-1 Network	SAIDI >60 Mins Radial + Overloaded & Dilapidated Network
Technology Absorption	Network - Automation at DT & Smart Metering Process - Workforce Mobility Solutions	Network - Poor Automation Levels Process - Manual, paper driven processes
Annual Revenue Requirement Gap	Dividend Paying Near Zero Regulatory Disallowances Near Zero Regulatory Asset Creation Near Zero Over-dues of Power Gencos	High Regulatory Disallowances Huge Regulatory Asset Creation High Over-dues of Power Gencos
Customer Engagement	EoDB Compliant Transparent Digital Uber Customer Engagement Platform	No or Poor Customer Engagement Platform Non-Transparent

TPDDL | TPC Mumbai | AEML | Torrent Power | CESC

Bhiwandi | BSES | Gujarat SEB

TP Odisha | CESC Rajasthan

Other SEBs | J&K

Matured

Fragile













Key Pillars of Transformation

- The essence of moving from Very Fragile to Most Matured utility evolves around following pillars of excellence
 - o <u>People</u> Motivated | Change Oriented | Technology Trained | Team Spirit | Performance Driven |
 Analytical & Statistical Mindset (<u>Need for Analytics Platform</u>)
 - o <u>Process</u> Documented | Evolving based on Customer Needs | Digitized | Automated (**Need for Workforce Mobility Platform**).
 - o <u>Network</u> Robust (n-1 compliant till LT Level) | Healthy (fault proof) | Safe (Zero Accidents) |

 5S Compliant | Loss Proof (Need for DT Energy Accounting & Revenue Assurance Platform)
 - Technology Automation GIS (With Last Mile Connectivity), SCADA (100% Automation), DMS (>50% Automation), Smart Metering (Data to Application), Digital Customer Engagement Platforms (New for

Technology is Ever Changing

- Utility sector undergoing rapid transformation --
 - Organic Fragile to Matured (as explained earlier)
 - Change in Mindset Cost Center Approach to Profit Center Approach
 Opportunity to Cross Sell / Up Sell
 - Smart Metering Future is Applications built on this data
 - Competition Multi Licensee Regime
 - Expectations of Customer & Employees Hyper Digital
 - New Opportunities Extreme Penetration of Rooftop Solar & EV Charging
- DIRE Need for Performance on ground More of a Compulsion than a Choice
- Role of Technology More Important than Ever !!!!







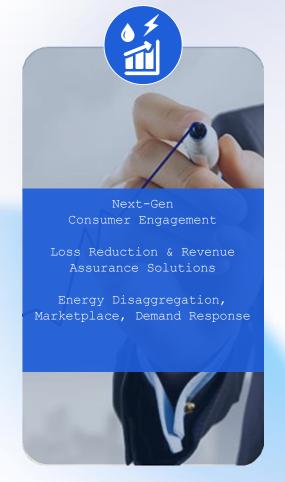






These Changes/challenges Are Giving Birth to New Opportunities

Utilities Are Turning to Business Transformation Initiatives to Improve Operational Efficiency | Reduce Costs | Increase Customer Satisfaction











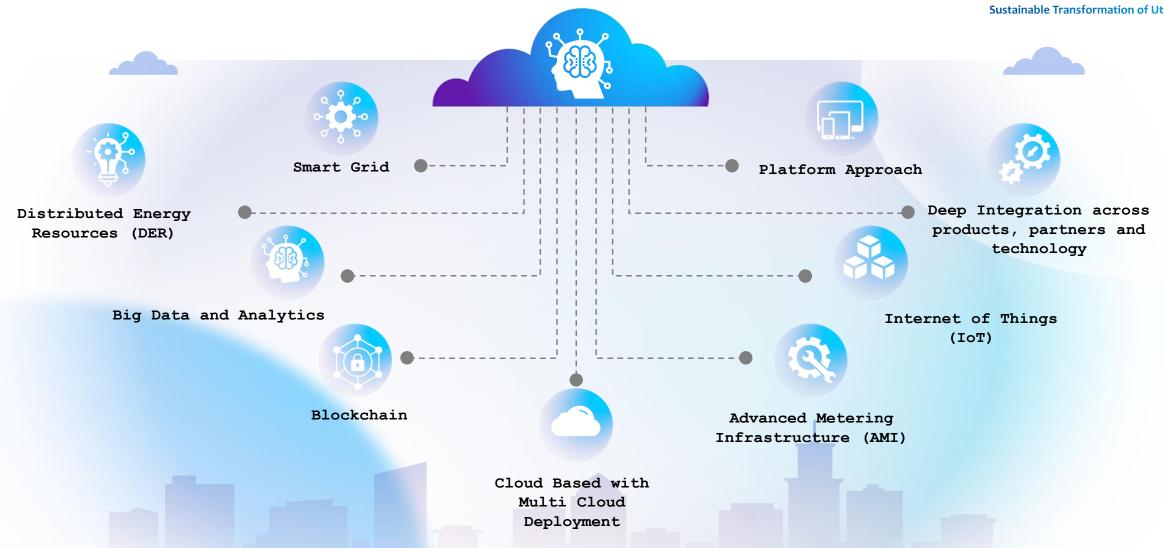




Technology Evolution in the Energy and Utility Industry

















Why the Revenue Gap and Challenges

- Key Components of ARR -Annual Revenue requirements
 - O Power Purchase Cost 80% Contribution
 - O&M Expenses 14% Contribution
 - Employee Expenses 9% Contribution
 - Repairs & Maintenance Expenses 3% Contribution
 - Administrative & General Expenses 2% Contribution
 - o Soft Costs Working Capital, Debt Servicing, etc 3% Contribution
 - o ROE 2% Contribution
 - o Other statutory expenses 1% Contribution
- <u>Matured discoms have a near zero revenue gap</u>. This means that **utilities tariff** realization (approved by regulator) helps cover the ARR requirement fully.
- While there's a lot to catch up by regulators to ensure cost reflective tariffs, a huge lot also depends upon the utilities to efficiently run & improve on the cost elements.
 - o Power Purchase Cost (PPC) -
 - Need to renegotiate costly PPAs with gencos.
 - Need for Day Ahead Power Scheduling Application with <2% MAPE.
 - Lower AT&C Loss, leading to either higher billing or lower PPC.
 - High Reliability, especially to low loss customers Leading to additional billing with lower losses (High ABR Customers, leading to better contribution).
 - O R&M Expenses -
 - High Reliability, with lower faults & network failures, leading to lower repairs & maintenance costs.
 - Predictive Maintenance Portal & Processes Optimizing on the R&M costs.



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THANK YOU

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